

Throughout the ages and times, and in the various transitional and pivotal events in the modern and contemporary history of peoples and nations, the great changes were behind leaders and leaders who were the most prominent element in making that change, and they made a turning point in the history of their peoples, and brought a positive change that contributed to the development and advancement of their countries and peoples. Of the important and cautious studies at the same time; Because the researcher or historian has to be on a high degree of impartiality and fairness away from tendencies and emotions, many personalities played a large and decisive role in shaping the history of their countries. Among those personalities, the Palestinian personalities had a prominent and significant role in the Palestinian and Arab political arena. Yahya Hammouda is considered one of the most prominent Palestinian personalities who formed the beginning of the Palestinian struggle, and one of the most famous Palestinian politicians who struggled for Palestine's right to self-determination, as he did not receive an academic study dealing with His life and political role in contemporary Palestinian and Arab history, so the topic (Yahya Hammouda and his role in the Palestinian national struggle 1908-1968) was chosen as a modest attempt to shed light on the role he played during his years of life by fighting Zionist terrorism in Palestine, especially during the Great Palestinian Revolution in 1936, as a result of which he was imprisoned in British prisons, then his resistance to the partition decision in 1947 through his leadership of the guerrilla actions with the youth of his village Lifta against the Zionist gangs. Politically, through which he could liberate the land of Palestine, he joined the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization, and headed the organization at the end of 1967.

Abstract B The study was divided into an introduction, three chapters and a conclusion, and a set of appendices. His first life, study and work, as well as Yahya Hammouda's activity during the events of the Al-Buraq Revolution 1929 and his role at the level of the Palestinian national movement through resisting the British occupation and the Zionist movement. 1936, which came as a rejection of the British policy towards the Arabs and the policy of favoritism towards the Zionist movement, through his imprisonment and his release from prison. As for the second chapter, it came under the title (The Struggle Role of Yahya Hammouda 1948-1964), and it was divided into two sections. Hammouda rejecting the decision, and his struggle with the people of Palestine against the decision, as well as his participation in the Jericho Conference in 1948, and the topic also touched on the role of Yahya Hammouda's struggle between 1949 - 1951, and the topic contained an important aspect represented in Yahya Hammouda's defense of those accused of the assassination of King Abdullah in 1951, while the second topic studied: Yahya Hammouda's political activity (1951-1964) through his participation in the Jordanian party life in 1956, and Yahya Hammouda's position on the tripartite aggression against Egypt in 1956. The third chapter came under the title (The Struggle and Political Role of Yahya Hammouda 1964-1968), and the first topic studied: Yahya Hammouda's role in establishing the Palestine Liberation Organization 1964-1967, which included Yahya Hammouda's role in the establishment of the Palestine Liberation Organization in 1964, and joining its membership The executive branch and Hammouda's return to Palestine in October 1964. The second topic explained: Shugairi's resignation in 1967, and Yahya Hammouda headed the Palestine Liberation Organization. And how Hamouda Abstract C strongly supported the entry of Palestinian armed organizations into the Palestine Liberation Organization. The study relied on a set of sources distributed between unpublished and published documents, books, letters and university theses, as well as Palestinian newspapers. Palestinian Arabic, Palestinian Diaries